**ANSWER KEY**

**Instructions:** This is a multiple choice, single answer test. Choose the letter next to the best answer for each question.

**Scoring:** Each question is worth 5 points. In order to obtain at least a 70% on the final exam and pass the course, students must answer at least 14 questions correctly.

1. The purpose of the Operations Section at an incident is to:
   a. Order adequate resources to contain the incident
   b. Develop the incident objectives
   c. Approve the IAP
   d. **Answer: Implement the tactical portion of the IAP**

   Refer to Unit 2, slide 2-4

2. The ____________ is responsible for determining work assignments for the Division / Group Supervisor.
   a. Area Commander
   b. **Answer: Branch Director, when used**
   c. Operations Section Chief
   d. Agency Administrator

   Refer to Unit 2, slide 2-10

3. All of the following statements regarding the Division/Group Supervisor are true EXCEPT:
   a. **Answer: Formulates the tactical plan for the IAP for each Operational Period**
   b. Implements the IAP
   c. Provides the IAP to Strike Team / Task Force Leaders whenever possible
   d. Reviews assignments and assigns tasks

   Refer to Unit 2, slide 2-7 & 2-11

4. The Strike Team/Task Force Leader gathers information about the incident from agency dispatch during the ____________ phase of an incident.
   a. Pre-Response
   b. **Answer: Response**
   c. Operational Period
   d. Post-Incident

   Refer to Unit 4, slide 4-12
5. All of the following statements about the Strike Team/Task Force concept are true EXCEPT:
   
   a. **Answer: The use of Strike Teams and Task Forces is discouraged unless absolutely necessary**
   b. Strike Teams and Task Forces are designed to maximize the efficiency of multiple resources on an incident
   c. Utilization principles are the same or similar for Strike Teams and Task Forces
   d. Strike Teams and Task Forces simplify communications

   Refer to Unit 2, slides 2-14 & 2-15

6. All of the following are characteristics of a Strike Team EXCEPT:
   
   a. Common communications
   b. Has a leader
   c. Set number of resources
   d. **Answer: Combination of various types of resources**

   Refer to Unit 2, slide 2-13

7. The major reason for using a Strike Team/Task Force is to:
   
   a. Minimize the use of resources
   b. **Answer: Maximize efficiency of multiple resources**
   c. Increase the manager’s span of control
   d. Eliminate the need for a Branch Director

   Refer to Unit 2, slide 2-14

8. The Strike Team/Task Force Leader reports progress in relation to the assigned tactical objectives to the:
   
   a. Incident Commander
   b. Operations Section Chief
   c. Branch Director
   d. **Answer: Division/Group Supervisor**

   Refer to Unit 3, slide 3-4

9. Information to gather from the initial briefing from the Operations Section Chief or Branch Director on arrival at the incident includes all of the following EXCEPT:
   
   a. **Answer: Incident and order number**
   b. Current incident status
   c. Who has jurisdiction
   d. Kinds of resources to be managed

   Refer to Unit 4, slide 4-16
10. Information to gather from the IAP on arrival at the incident includes all of the following EXCEPT:

   a. Reporting locations and times
   b. Safety hazards
   c. Tactical assignments
   d. **Answer: Local television channels**

   Refer to Unit 4, slide 4-23

11. At the end of an Operational Period, the Strike Team/Task Force Leader must debrief with their supervisor on:

   a. Progress made and problems encountered
   b. Logistics issues
   c. Input relative to the next Operational Period
   d. **Answer: All of the above**

   Refer to Unit 4, slide 4-35

12. The Strike Team/Task Force Leader conducts an After Action Review (AAR) during the __________ phase of an incident.

   a. Pre-Response
   b. Demobilization
   c. Operational Period
   d. **Answer: Post-Incident**

   Refer to Unit 4, slide 4-39

13. The OPTIMAL ICS span of control is:

   a. 1:3
   b. **Answer: 1:5**
   c. 1:7
   d. 1:10

   Refer to Unit 5, slide 5-15

14. Unity of Command is best defined as:

   a. Maintaining the standard ICS span of control
   b. Having only one Incident Commander on an incident
   c. **Answer: Reporting to only one team leader**
   d. All involved agencies measuring progress against time

   Refer to Unit 5, slide 5-18
15. Which of the following statements about risk is true?
   a. A risk is something in the environment that can cause harm
   b. A hazard always results in a risk
   c. Everything a person does exposes him or her to a risk
   d. **Answer: How we deal with a hazard is what determines the risk**

   Refer to Unit 6, slide 6-5

16. The primary focus of risk management at an incident is to:
   a. Minimize the number of resources
   b. Identify all hazards
   c. **Answer: Ensure safety of personnel**
   d. Prevent a negligence lawsuit

   Refer to Unit 6, slide 6-4

17. All of the following are steps in the risk management model EXCEPT:
   a. Identify risks
   b. Prioritize risks
   c. Implement control measures
   d. **Answer: Eliminate risks**

   Refer to Unit 6, slide 6-7

18. All of the following are barriers to situational awareness EXCEPT:
   a. Fatigue
   b. **Answer: Experience**
   c. Distraction
   d. Peer pressure

   Refer to Unit 6, slide 6-9

19. Which of the following are proper reasons to refuse risk?
   a. Lack of proper controls
   b. Environmental conditions make the work unsafe
   c. Personnel do not have the necessary qualifications or experience
   d. **Answer: All of the above**

   Refer to Unit 6, slide 6-22

20. Which of the following ICS positions would you work with to obtain maps and weather forecasts?
   a. **Answer: Situation Unit Leader (SITL)**
   b. Liaison Office (LOFR)
   c. Agency Representative
   d. Technical Specialists

   Refer to Unit 6, slide 6-18